

tbOVERLAP - Cross-cohort identification

holds information on the patient's participation in other cohorts

Core fields

Note: Fields marked **bold** form the unique identifier for a record of the table.

Field name	Format	Description
<u>PATIENT</u>	character (or numeric if possible)	Code to identify patient (Cohort Patient ID)
<u>COHORT</u>	character	Code/name of the cohort
<u>PAT_OTH</u>	character	Unique patient identifier in other cohorts
<u>COH_OTH</u>	character	Name of the cohort

Patients of an "original"-cohort who also participate in a "super"-cohort should be analysed within the "original"-cohort only. To suppress these patients from the datasets of the "super"-cohorts the identifier used in the "super"-cohort is needed. It is suggested that "original"-cohorts report id's from the "super"-cohorts, since the "super"-cohorts might not even know the other ID's. Often this information is only available at centre level.

A record should be present for each cohort that the patient is participating in (apart from it's own "original"-cohort).

QA Checks

Table	Crosstable	Error Code	Description	Study specific	HICDEP?
AllTables	CrossTable	ATC001	any date in database after DEATH_D in tblLTFU		YES
AllTables	CrossTable	ATC002	any date in database after DROP_D in tblLTFU		YES
AllTables	CrossTable	ATC003	any date in database before BIRTH_D in tblBAS		YES
AllTables	CrossTable	ATC004	any date in database in the future		YES
AllTables	CrossTable	ATC005	patients submitted previously who have been missed out		YES
AllTables	CrossTable	ATC006	Any fields not coded as coding lists on table definition		YES
tbOVERLAP	WithinTable	OW001	Invalid other cohort		YES
tbOVERLAP	CrossTable	OC001	PATIENT not found in tblBAS for that cohort		YES
tbOVERLAP	CrossTable	OC002	PAT_OTH not found in tblBAS for that overlapping cohort		YES